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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of making 2',3'-dideoxyinosine didenesine (ddl) comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining an enzyme expressing 2',3'-dideoxyadenosine (ddA) ddA deaminase activity, wherein the enzyme is a human adenosine deaminase (ADA);
 - (b) immobilizing the enzyme onto an insoluble support;
 - (c) contacting the enzyme with a dideoxyadenosine (ddA) ddA solution of at least about 1% weight volume ddA in water for a time and under conditions to produce a ddI solution; and
 - (d) isolating the ddI from the ddI solution.
- 2. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the ddA solution in the contacting step is from about 2% to about 10% weight volume ddA in water.
- 3. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein a pH during the contacting step is from about 8.0 to about 9.5.
- 4. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 3, wherein substantially all of the ddl resists precipitation out of the ddl solution in the contacting step.
- 5. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 1, wherein the insoluble support is functionalized to allow attachment of the enzyme thereto.
- 6. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 5, wherein the attachment of the enzyme to the insoluble support is achieved using an activating agent.
- 7. (CANCELED)
- 8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 1, wherein the ADA has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, or conservative variations-thereof.

- 9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 17, wherein the ADA is coded for by a nucleotide having SEQ ID NO: 2, or SEQ ID NO:3, or conservative variations thereof.
- 10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 1, wherein the obtaining step includes expressing human adenosine deaminase (ADA) or a conservative variant thereof in a transformed organism and isolating the ADA from the organism.
- 11. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein the transformed organism is E. coli.
- 12. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein the insoluble support is functionalized to allow attachment of the enzyme thereto.
- 13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 12, wherein attachment of the enzyme to the insoluble support is achieved using an activating agent.
- 14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein an activity of the enzyme immobilized on the insoluble support is at least about 40 U/g.
- 15. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein a pH during the contacting step is from about 7.5 to about 9.5.
- 16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein said contacting step is a continuous process performed using a packed column.
- 17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein the ddA solution in the contacting step is from about 4% to about 15% weight volume ddA in water.
- 18. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 17, wherein the ddA solution is from about 5% to about 8% weight volume ddA in water.

- 19. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 10, wherein the isolating step includes sequentially distilling the ddI solution and adding water until a ddI slurry in aqueous mother liquor is obtained and the pH is less than about 8.
- 20. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:
 - (a) retaining a reaction mother liquor after the isolating step; and
 - (b) repeating the contacting step at least once using the reaction mother liquor to prepare the ddA solution; and
 - (c) repeating the isolating step at least once.
- 21. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method of claim 20, wherein the isolating step produces a yield of at least about 96% ddl that is at least about 99% pure.
- 22. (NEW) A method of making 2',3'-dideoxyinosine (ddI) comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting a human adenosine deaminase enzyme (ADA) immobilized onto an insoluble support with a dideoxyadenosine (ddA) solution of at least about 1% weight volume ddA in water for a time and under conditions to produce a ddI solution; and
 - (b) isolating the ddI from the ddI solution.
- 23. (NEW) The method of claim 22, wherein the ADA has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 24. (NEW) The method of claim 22, wherein the ADA is coded for by a nucleotide having SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:3.

- 25. (NEW) A method of making 2',3'-dideoxyinosine (ddl) comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting a human adenosine deaminase enzyme (ADA) immobilized into an insoluble support; wherein the insoluble support is a solid resin material having a diameter of 250-600 microns, with a dideoxyadenosine (ddA) solution of at least about 1% weight volume ddA in water for a time and under conditions to produce a ddI solution; and
 - (b) isolating the ddl from the ddl solution.
- 26. (NEW) The method of claim 25, wherein the insoluble support is IPS-400 or EUPERGIT.